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Innovative bio-based on-site Sanitation for Water and Resource Savings



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Once upon a time...

NOBATEK headquarters
Anglet, France
June 2016



Wastewater treatment two strategies

INNOQUA



Autonomous sanitation



Collective sanitation

INNOQUA: context



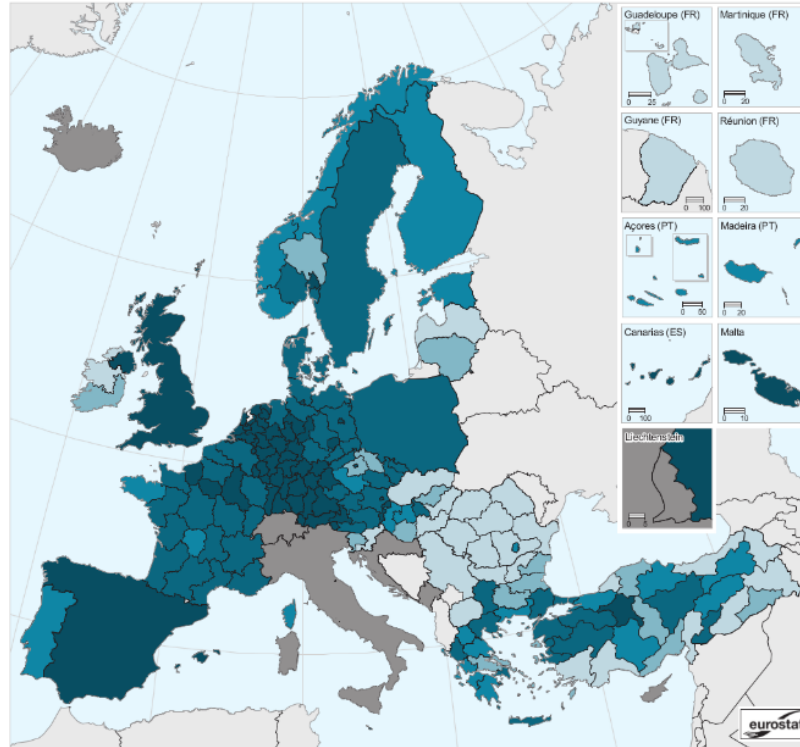
In the world

2.5 billion people do not have access to adequate sanitation

1000 children under 5 **die each day** because of water and hygiene related diseases

INNOQUA: context

Population connected to urban wastewater collection system, by NUTS 2 regions, 2011 (*)
(% of total population)



(% of total population)



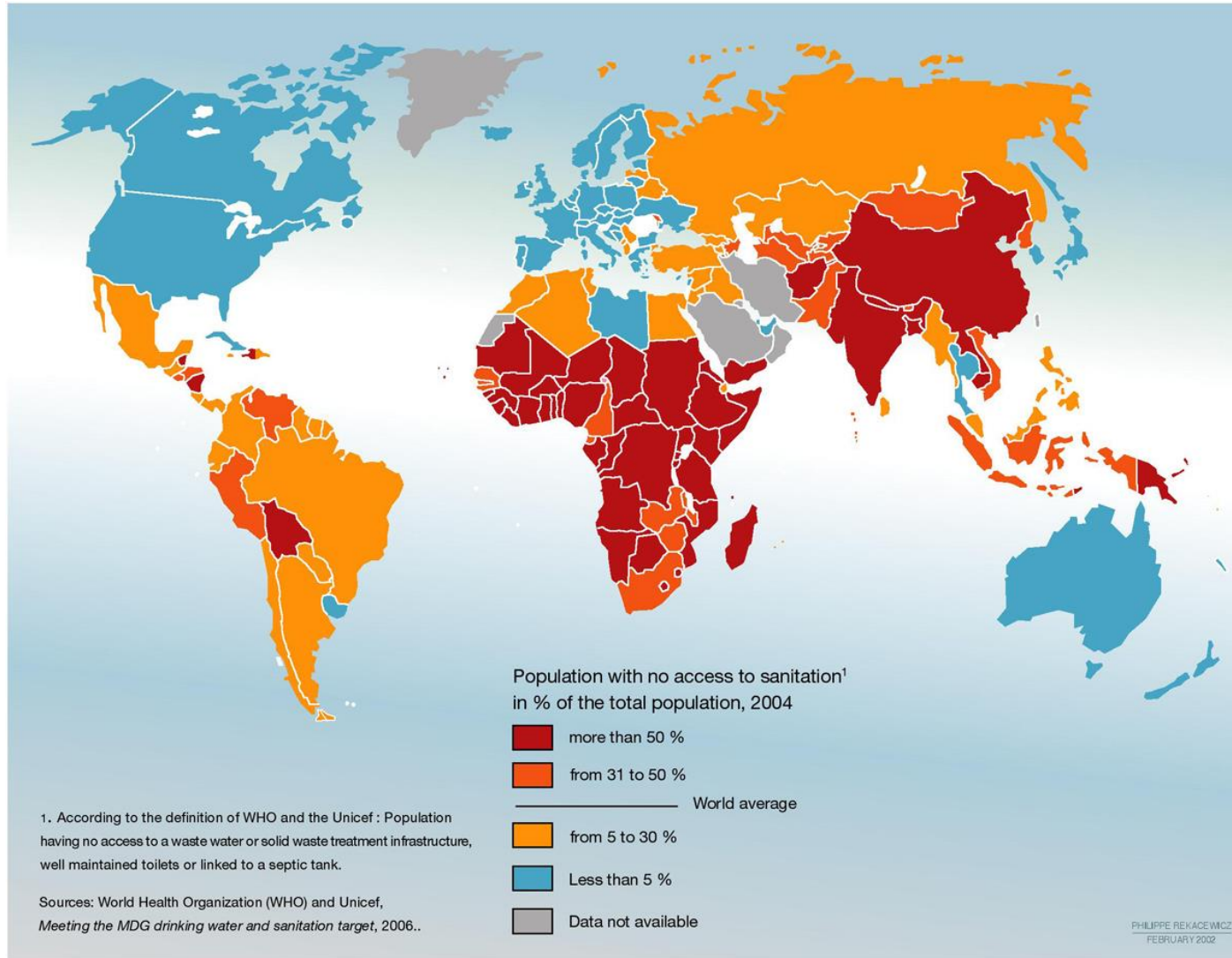
Administrative boundaries: © EuroGeographics © UN-FAO © Turistat
Cartography: Eurostat — GISCO, 05/2014



(*) Note the definition of the indicator may vary between countries. Denmark, Germany, Spain, the Netherlands, Austria, Sweden, the United Kingdom and Turkey: 2010. Belgium, Greece, Latvia, Portugal and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia: 2009. France: 2008. Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Finland, Sweden, the United Kingdom and Serbia: national level.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: env_ywwoon_r2 and env_ww_con)

In Europe, still a lot to be done:
Eastern countries, Ireland, specific areas (mountain, coast), agriculture...



In Latin America:
very low level of
water treatment

INNOQUA: OBJECTIVE 1

- To integrate **individual, low cost, sustainable and biologically-based** water sanitation technologies
- Capable of performing a **whole water treatment cycle**
- Available in **multiple modular configurations** adapted to local contexts and markets.

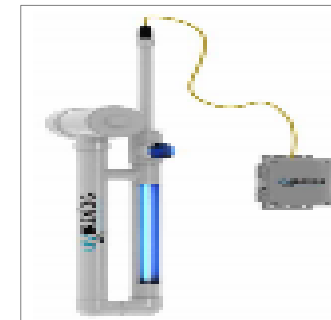
4 initial technologies + TICs:



Lumbrifilter



Daphniafilter



UV Disinfection



Bio Solar Purification



Eisenia andrei

INNOQUA: Technologies

1. Lumbrifilter

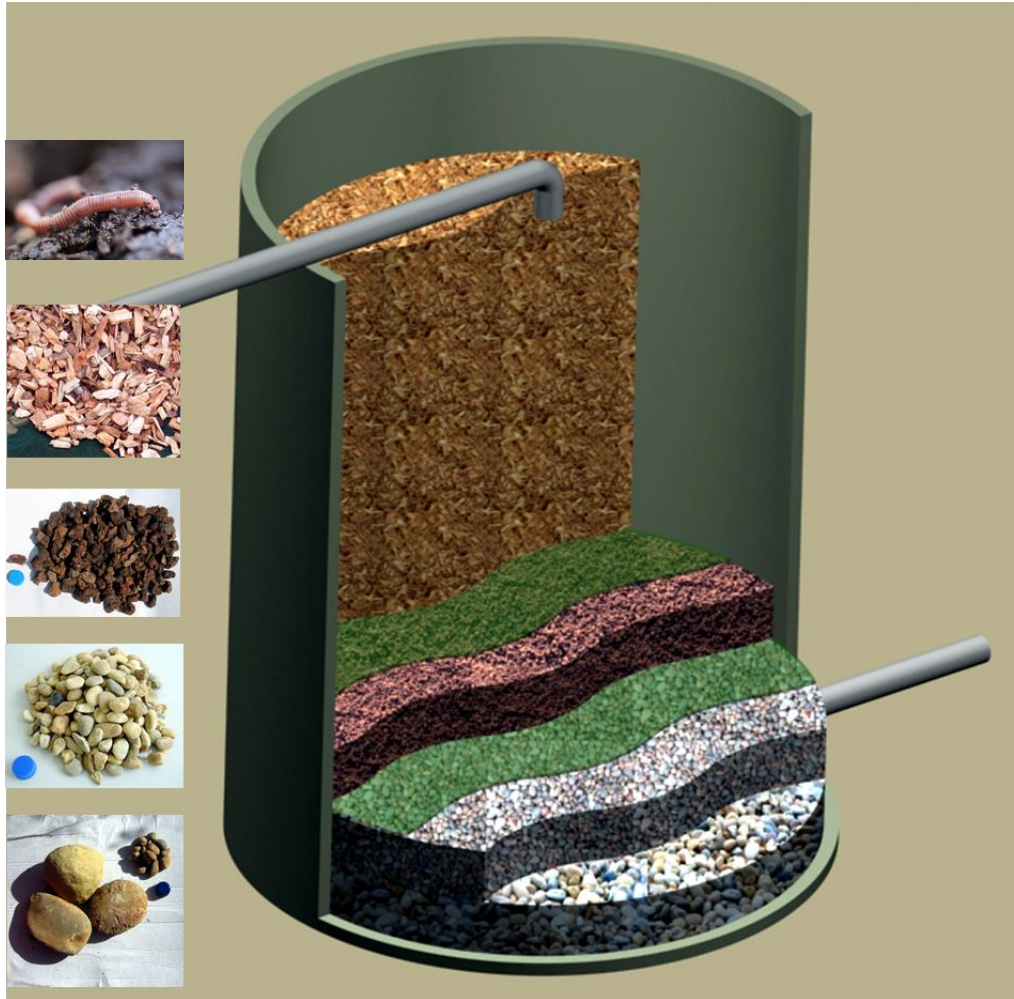
Nobatek

lombriTek
éco-innovation

Eisenia fetida + Eisenia andrei + microorganisms
(aerobic bacteria)

+

Specific substrate



1. Lumbrifilter



> Existing plants in France, Chile, China, New Zealand, Italia, Bolivia,...

> Performance*:

Lumbrifilter	
DCO	51,2 (83%)
DBO5	7 (94,5%)
MES	12,8 (74%)
N kjeldhal	5-12 (93-97%)
N total	50 (50%)
P total	6,2 (30/35%)
Turbidity	87%

> Cost* :

	Lumbrifilter	Activated sludge	Lagoon	Bacterial bed
Investment	76 225	227 150	116 623	177 603
Workforce	4 957	8 597	4 487	6 422
Energy consumption	804	2 721	0	485
Exploitation	5 761	11 318	4 487	6 907

* Data based on Combaillaux (France) 15 years exploitation



Daphnia

Universitat
de Girona

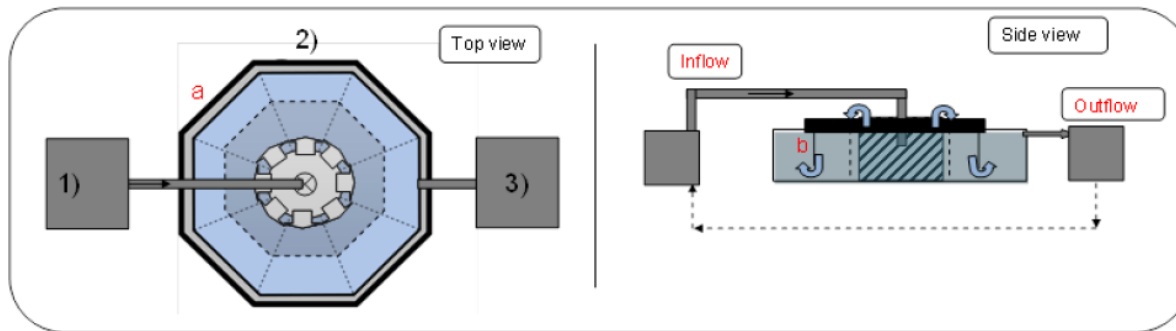


Figure 20 - Scheme of the both views: a) top and b) side of Daphniafilter system. 1) Collecting chamber, 2) main daphnia filter unit and 3) collecting tank.

PERFORMANCE

Table 7 - Comparison of the inactivation rates of different water reclamation treatments on the Costa Brava (data from the Costa Brava water agency (<http://www.ccbgi.org/reutilitzacio.php>, March 2013); *[13]).



15 years of research, multiples pilot sites in The Netherlands and in Spain

Water Reclamation Plant	Treatment (after secondary level)	Inactivation rates, ulog		
		E.coli	SRC	Somatic coliphages
El Port de la Selva	Coagulation, flocculation, multi-layer pressure filtration, UV+Chlorination	3.5	2.9	3.5
Empuriabrava	Constructed wetland system	2.2	1.1	-
Torroella de Montgri	UV+Chlorination	2.1	1.1	-
Pals	Chlorination	3.3	1.0	-
Castell-Platja d'Aro	Sand filtration, UV+Chlorination	4.5	1.3	-
Tossa de Mar	Coagulation, flocculation, sedimentation Sand filtration, UV+Chlorination	4.5	2.8	3.2
Pilot plant biological filtration	4-day retention time in Daphnia mesocosmos	2.7	1.9	-



15 years of research, multiples pilot sites in The Netherlands and in Spain

PERFORMANCE

Total nitrogen and phosphorous concentrations: reductions of 47% and 58% respectively, mainly due to nutrient uptake of algae (phytoplankton, attached and filamentous).

Suspended solids: 99% of small suspended particles eliminated.

Emerging and priority organic pollutants (i.e. pharmaceuticals, personal care products, pesticides, antiseptics, fire retardants and plasticizers) with an average removal efficiency of 80%

- more efficient than other conventional tertiary treatments, such as coagulation-flocculation-lamellar sedimentation and UV light-chlorination,
- but slightly lower than advanced oxidation treatments, such as ozonation, Fenton oxidation or membrane-based systems.
- *High removal efficiency of the Daphnia reactor explained by the simultaneous occurrence in the biological filtration systems of biodegradation (e.g. ibuprofen, naproxen and furosemide), photodegradation (e.g. diclofenac and ketoprofen), sorption processes, algae and zooplankton uptake.*

Entirely natural and does not require chemicals or frequent maintenance.

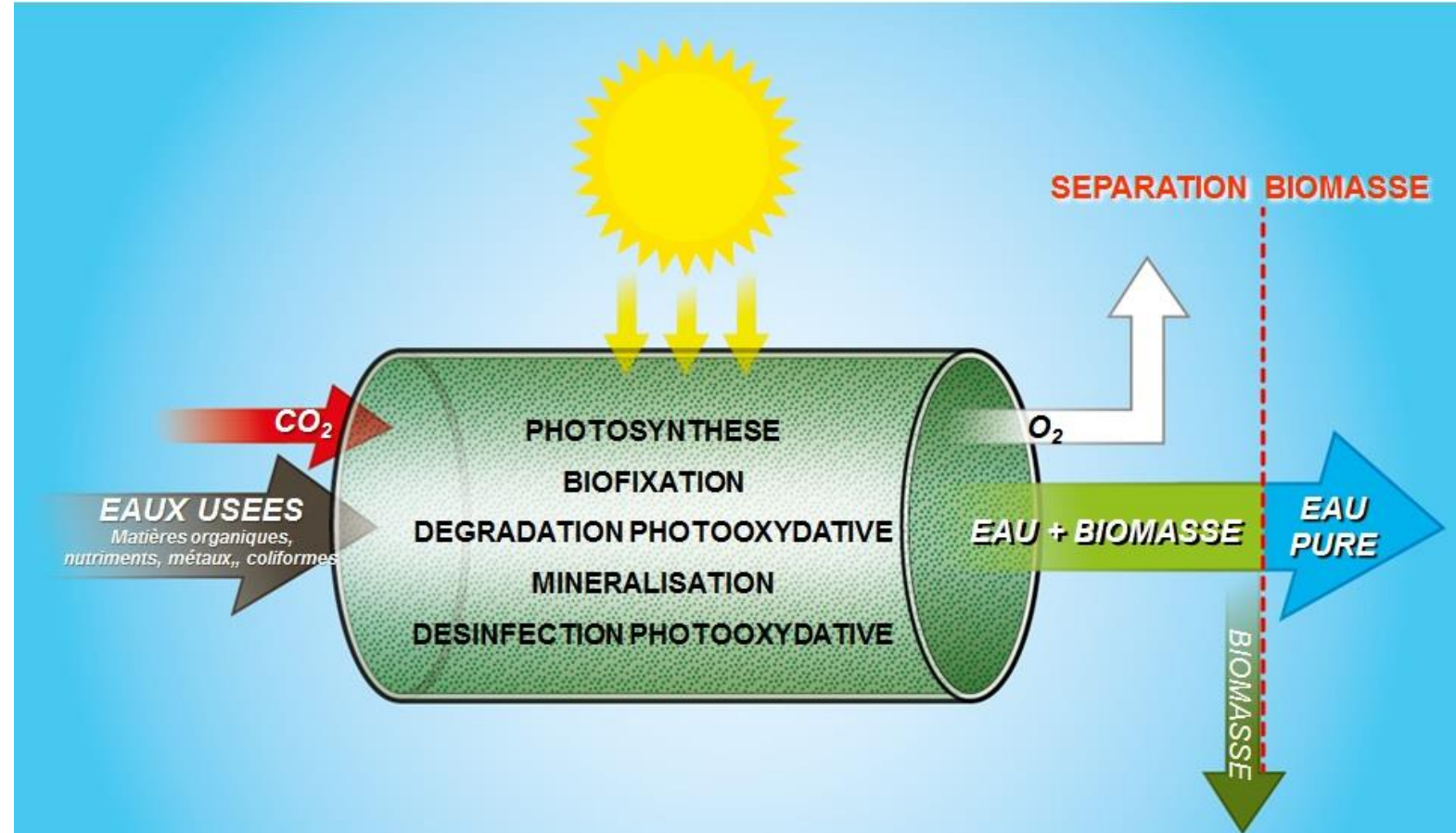
Capable of regulating themselves based on the available food and the physico-chemical environment giving high quality water.

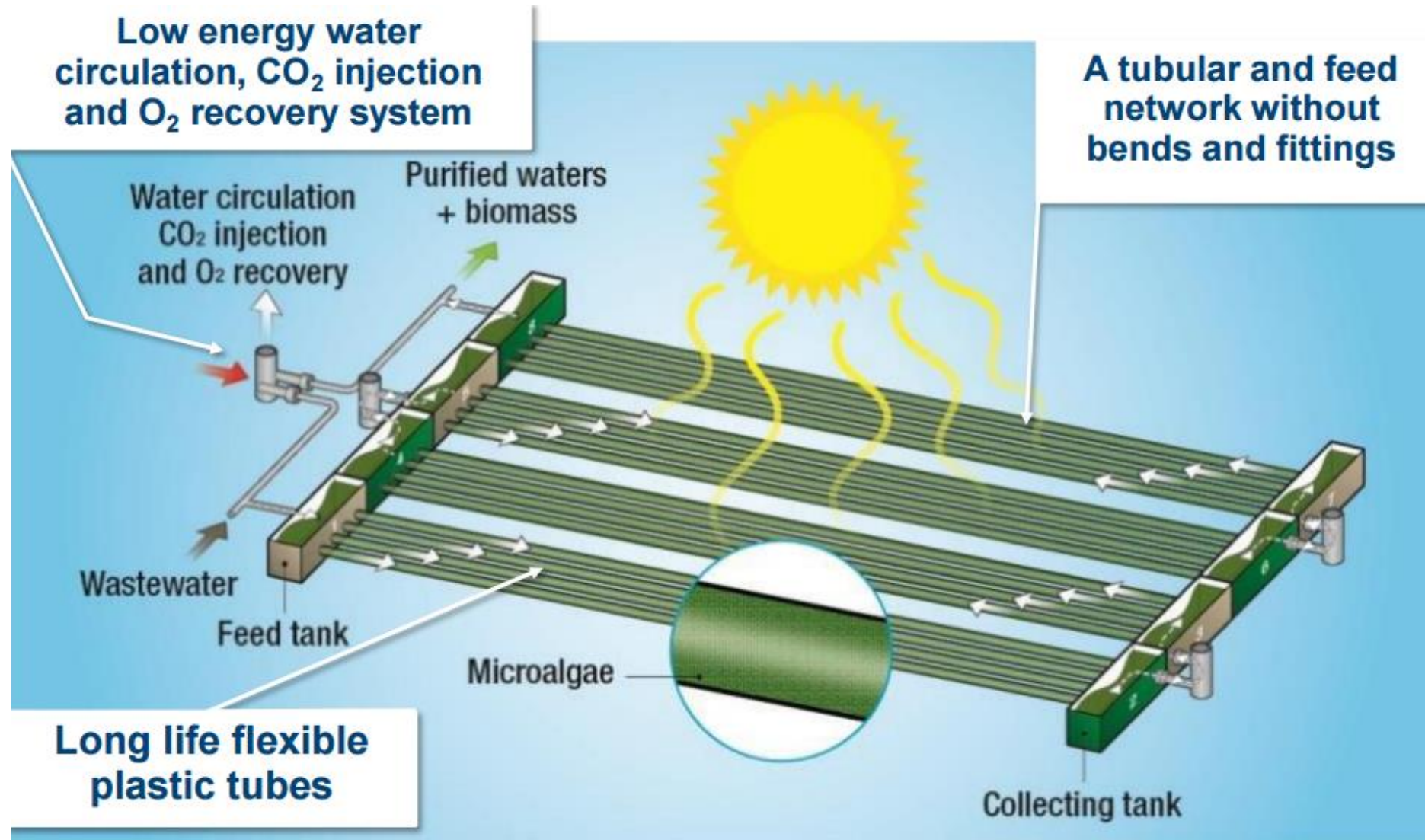
Reduces the concentration of small particles in a similar amount to that found for disc filters without the need of any backwash

Does not require the use of chemicals to aggregate particles > reduced ecological impact and cost of treatment.



HelioPure







Prototypes Europe



PERTUIS France

Water circulation and gas exchange system

Tubular reactor



SEVILLA Spain



SEVILLA Spain



3. Bio-solar purification



Cost:

- > Investment costs from 0.2 to 0.4 \$/m³ treated water based on 20 years depreciation
- > Operating costs from 0.05 to 0.15 \$/m³ recovered water

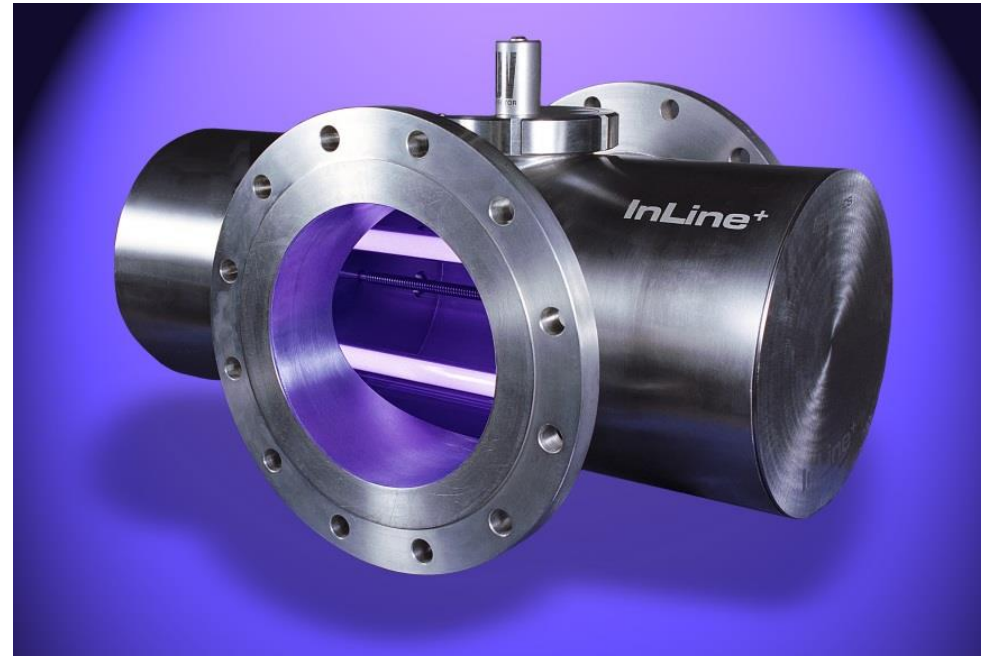
Performance:

Type of pollutants	Substances	Type of treatment	Treatment performance	Comment
Nutrients	CO ₂ , NO ₃ , NH ₄ , PO ₄	Uptake	80 - 100%	Pilot testing
Metals	Toxic, rare, radioactive As, Cr, Cd, Cu, Mn, Ni, Hg, Pb, U	Biofixation	60 - 90%	Lab results and publications on microalgae biofixation in open systems HRAP
Pharmaceuticals	Diclofenac Sulfamethoxyazole	Photooxydative degradation	100% 60 - 100%	Lab results and publications
Pesticides	Thiamethoxam	Photooxydative degradation	100%	Lab results and publications
Organic micropollutants	Bisphenol A	Photooxydative degradation	65%	Lab results with selected microalgae strain
Microorganisms	Coliforms and fecal enterococci	Photooxydative disinfection	4 to 6 log decrease	Pilot testing

Parameters	Input Heliopur unit	Output Heliopur unit	Removal performance
Escherichia Coli (Coliforms)	2,8E + 07	< 60	5,7 log (99,997%)
Fecal Enterococci	3,5E + 06	< 60	4,7 log
Total Organic Carbon (mg/L)	210	7,8	96%
Biological Oxygen Demand 5 days (mg/L)	500	3	99%
Chemical Oxygen Demand (mg/L)	1050	32	97%
Suspended Materials (mg/L)	450	17	96%
Total Phosphorous (mg P/L)	10,65	1,75	80%
Total Kjeldhal Nitrogen (mg N/L)	73,44	23,35	68%
Ammonia (mg N/L)	42,9	0,5	98%

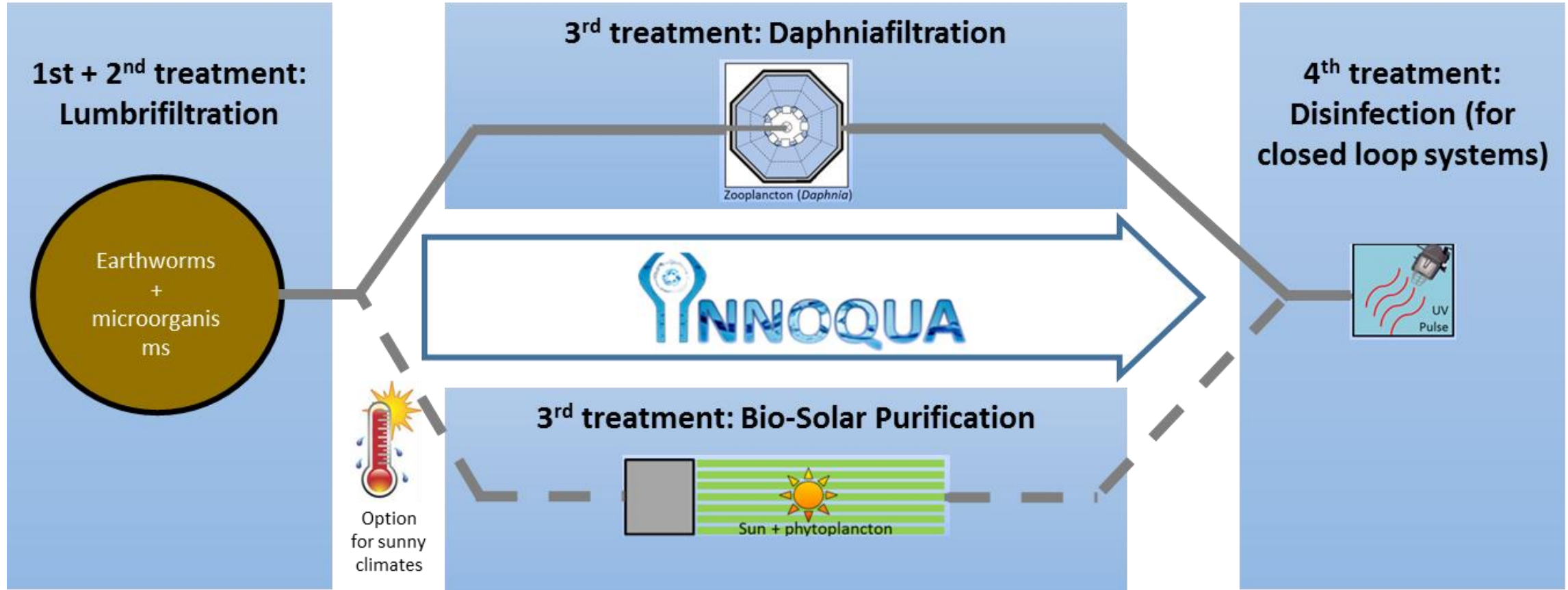


Medium pressure lamp

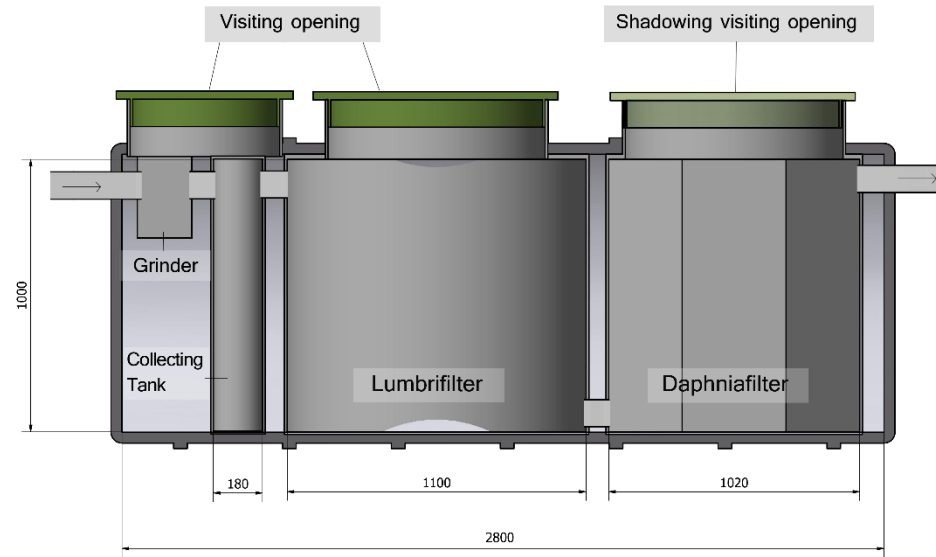
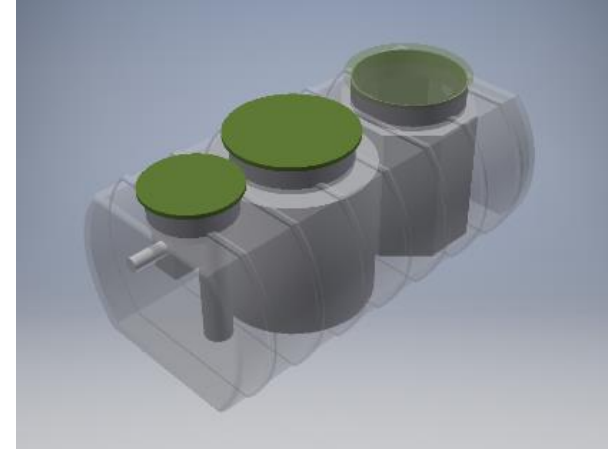
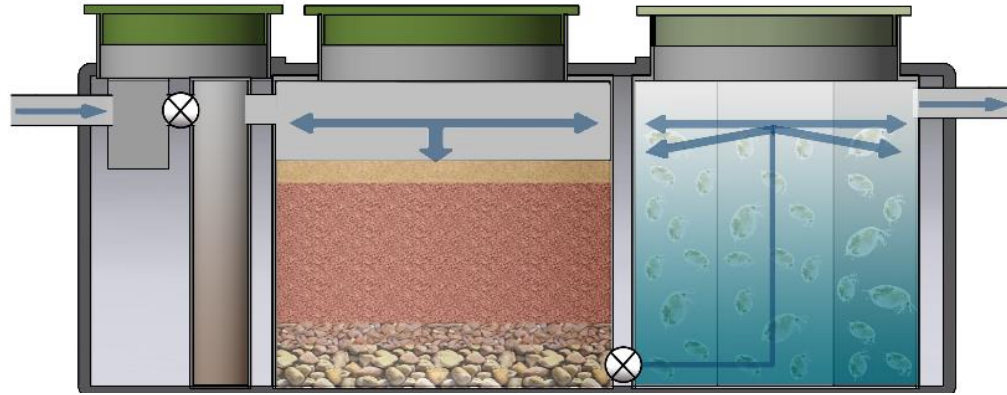


InLine range with medium pressure lamps

The INNOQUA System



The INNOQUA System



OBJECTIVES 2

- To demonstrate across 9 countries in 4 continents the long term viability of innovative, modular and sustainable solutions for wastewater treatment in real-environment



CAPTION

● Non-controlled environment demonstration

● “Showcase” demonstration

Some pilot sites



Office in Anglet, France



Aquaculture in Lozere, France



Residential area in Bangalore, India



Turistic housing in Sinop, Turkey



Island facility in the Highlands, Scotland

PILOT SITES: Latin America



Quito
Casa Armero



Cuenca
Universidad de Cuenca



Arequipa
Fundo Huasacache

OBJECTIVE 3

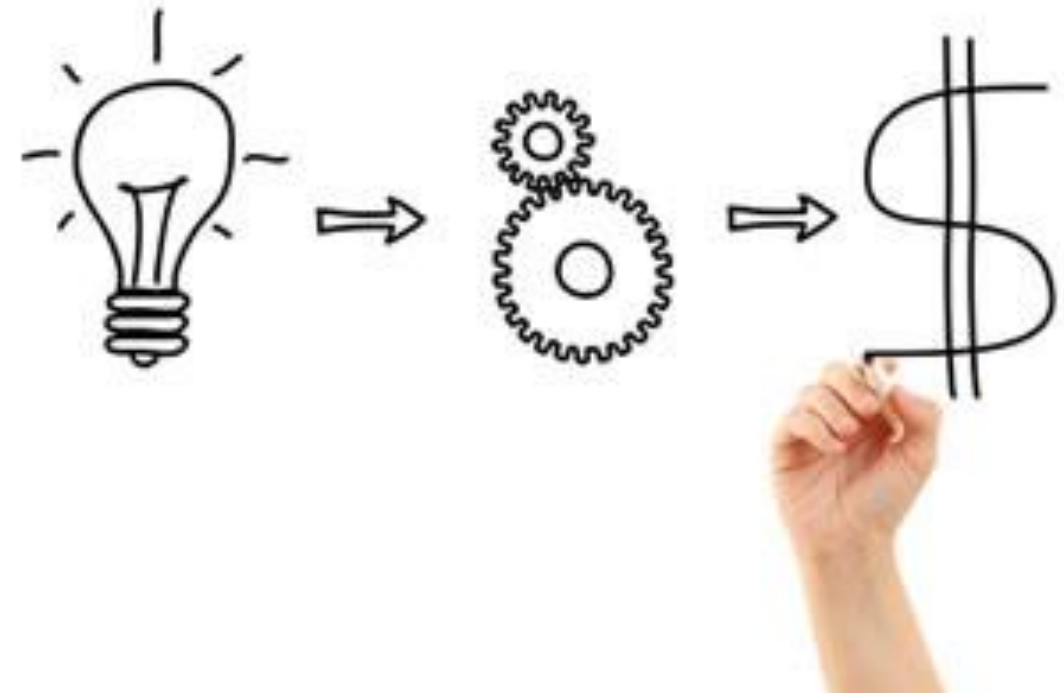
Optimization and sustainability

- Eco design + life cycle assessment
- Resource and energy efficiency
- Local sourcing and re-manufacturing process
- Life cycle cost



OBJECTIVE 4

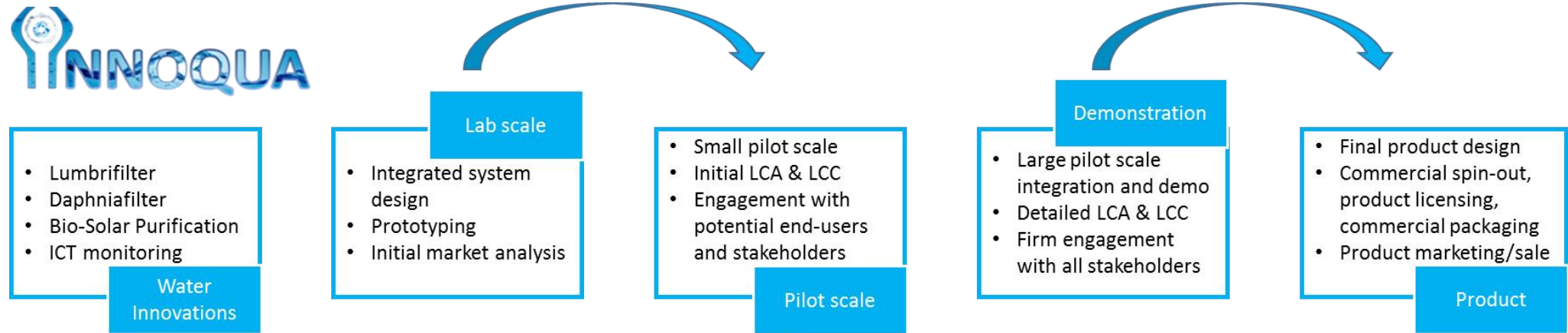
- To support the commercialization of the proposed solutions in order to encompass pre-commercialization challenges of innovative water solutions
- To start stimulating economic growth, business and job creation in the water sector both inside and outside Europe.



PROJECT DEVELOPMENT

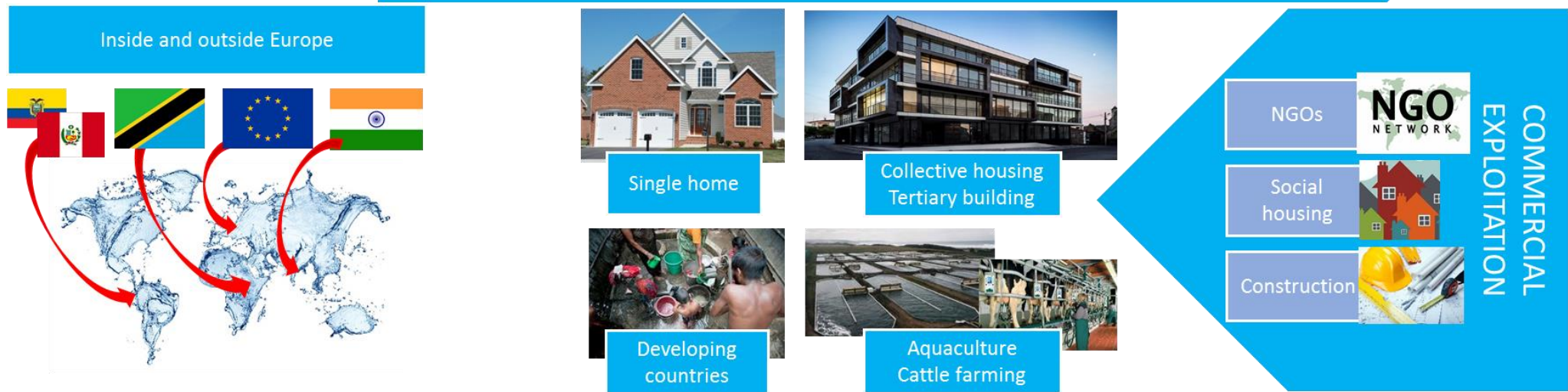


- 20 partners
- Coodinator: Nobatek
- Period: 2016-2020
- Budget: 8 M Euros



RESEARCH

DEMONSTRATION



PROJECT PARTNERS



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 Universitat de Girona
 eurecat Centre Tecnològic de Catalunya
 lombriTek association
 MIN ECOIND
 Scottish Water Trusted to serve Scotland

Knowledge providers

berson masters in uv
 nobatek
 Universitat de Girona
 HeliPur Technologies New insight on water recycling

Technology providers

R2M® Innovation Energy Services & Sustainability Engineering ICT & Automation
 AquaEnviro
 Grace Yepez Arquitectura

IPR, Exploitation & Market Building



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Developing countries expertise



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